

# MAXTRANSIT (MAXTOUCH POS) ERP

## Universal Interface

### 1. Introduction

The POS-ERP interface enables bidirectional data flow to support retail operations, including product management, sales reporting, inventory control, and transaction processing. Key benefits include:

- Real-time or near-real-time data synchronization.
- Reduced manual data entry errors.
- Improved inventory accuracy and financial reconciliation.

This interface uses XML for structured data exchange, adhering to standards like XML 1.0 with UTF-8 encoding. It is designed for scalability in multi-store environments.

### Scope

- Systems Involved
  - POS Cash System: Maxtouch (the client-facing point-of-sale application running on checkout terminals).
  - ERP System: Central enterprise backend responsible for inventory management, financial accounting, procurement, master data, and reporting.
- Primary Data Flows
  - From ERP to POS (Maxtouch):
    - Product catalog synchronization (new items, updates, deactivations)
    - Pricing and discount updates
    - Current inventory/stock levels
    - Promotional rules and configuration changes
  - From POS (Maxtouch) to ERP:
    - Completed sales transactions (including items, quantities, discounts, taxes, payments)
    - Inventory movements and adjustments (returns, damages, manual corrections, stock receipts at store level)
    - End-of-day / end-of-shift financial and operational summaries (cash reconciliation, tender totals, voids, refunds)
- Scalability & Extensibility

The interface is designed to be highly flexible and scalable:

  - Additional fields can be added to the XML structure at any time without breaking existing integrations.

- New or custom fields introduced in the XML message can be mapped in the Maxtransit agent.
- In the Maxtransit configuration, each received XML field can be explicitly assigned to the corresponding Maxtouch internal parameter, screen field, database column, or business logic handler.
- This on-demand extensibility allows rapid adaptation to new business requirements (e.g., new loyalty attributes, serial/lot tracking, multi-currency support, custom taxes, nutritional info, or regulatory fields) without modifying core POS or ERP application code.

## 2. Architecture

### 2.1 Communication Mechanism

MAXTOUCH POS system runs a local agent called Maxtransit, which handles communication with the ERP. Maxtransit operates as a middleware service on the POS side, responsible for:

- Polling: Periodically querying ERP endpoints for updates (e.g., new products or price changes) at configurable intervals (default: every minute).
- Pushing: Sending accumulated data (e.g., sales transactions) to ERP endpoints in batches at defined intervals (default: every minute for transactions, end-of-shift for summaries).
- Queueing: Buffering data in case of network issues, with retry mechanisms (exponential backoff).
- Endpoints: Data is pushed/pulled via RESTful APIs on the ERP side. Example endpoints:
  - POST `/erp/api/receive-pos-data` (for POS to ERP messages).
  - GET `/erp/api/get-updates?storeId={storeId}&lastSync={timestamp}` (for ERP to POS polling).
- Transport Protocol: HTTPS with TLS 1.2+ for security. Authentication via API key in XML
- Authentication: HTTP Bearer Authentication via the `Authorization` header on every request.

Format:

```
Authorization: Bearer <API-KEY>
```

- Intervals Configuration: Defined in Maxtransit setting
- Error Logging: Maxtransit logs failures to a local file (e.g., `/var/log/maxtransit.log`) and sends alerts via email/SMS if configured.

### 2.2 Data Exchange Format

- XML Structure: All messages use a root `<DATAPACKET>` element with attributes:
  - `command`: Message type (e.g., "ProductUpdate").

- version: Interface version (e.g., "1.0").
- timestamp: ISO 8601 format (e.g., "2024-03-11T14:30:00Z").
- sender: "POS\_System" or "ERP\_System".
- receiver: Opposite of sender.
- Validation: Use an XML Schema Definition (XSD) for validation (schema provided in Appendix A).
- Compression: Optional GZIP for large batches.
- Batch Support: Messages can contain multiple records (e.g., multiple products in one update).

### 3. Commands ( Message Types )

Below are detailed XML structures for key message types.

#### 3.1 Product Update (ERP to POS)

This message synchronizes product catalogs from ERP to POS, including additions, updates, or deletions. Polled by Maxtransit at intervals. Extended fields for retail:

- EAN: European Article Number (barcode).
- Discount: Percentage or fixed amount (with type indicator).
- Other Important Fields:
  - UPC (Universal Product Code).
  - Brand and Manufacturer.
  - Size, Color, Weight, Dimensions.
  - CostPrice (wholesale cost).
  - MinStockLevel (reorder threshold).
  - ImageURL (for POS display).
  - ActiveStatus (boolean for availability).
  - VariantID (for product variants).

xml

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<DATAPACKET command="ProductUpdate" version="1.0"
timestamp="2024-03-11T14:30:00Z" sender="ERP_System" receiver="POS_System">
  <Products>
    <Product id="PROD001" action="update">
      <SKU>ABC-123</SKU>
      <EAN>4006381333931</EAN>
      <UPC>071662011000</UPC>
      <Name>Wireless Mouse</Name>
      <Description>Ergonomic wireless mouse with 5 buttons.</Description>
```

```

    <Category>Electronics</Category>
    <Size>Medium</Size>
    <Color>Black</Color>
    <Weight unit="g">120</Weight>
    <Price currency="EUR">29.99</Price>
    <CostPrice currency="EUR">15.00</CostPrice>
    <Discount type="percentage">10</Discount>
    <TaxRate>1</TaxRate>      <!-- 1=19% 2=7% 3=0% -->
    <StockQuantity>150</StockQuantity>
    <MinStockLevel>20</MinStockLevel>
    <SupplierID>SUPP001</SupplierID>
    <ImageURL>https://example.com/images/prod001.jpg</ImageURL>
    <ActiveStatus>true</ActiveStatus>
  </Product>
  <!-- ... -->
</Products>
  <Status code="200">Success</Status>
</DATAPACKET>

```

### 3.2 Sales Transaction (POS to ERP)

Pushed by Maxtransit in batches. Reports sales for inventory deduction and accounting.

xml

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<DATAPACKET command="SalesTransaction" version="1.0"
timestamp="2024-03-11T15:45:00Z" sender="POS_System" receiver="ERP_System">
  <SerialNumber>123</SerialNumber>
  <Transactions>
    <Transaction id="12345">
      <StoreID>STORE001</StoreID>
      <Date>2024-03-11</Date>
      <Time>15:30:00</Time>
      <Customer>

```

```
<ID>CUST001</ID>
<Name>John Doe</Name>
<Email>johndoe@example.com</Email>
<LoyaltyPointsEarned>50</LoyaltyPointsEarned>
</Customer>
<Items>
  <Item>
    <ProductID>PROD001</ProductID>
    <Quantity>2</Quantity>
    <UnitPrice>29.99</UnitPrice>
    <Discount>5.00</Discount>
    <Tax>4.80</Tax>
    <Subtotal>55.18</Subtotal>
  </Item>
  <!-- ... -->
</Items>
<TotalAmount>65.97</TotalAmount>
<Payments>
  <Payment>
    <Method>CreditCard</Method>
    <Amount>65.97</Amount>
    <TransactionRef>CC-987654</TransactionRef>
  </Payment>
</Payments>
</Transaction>
<!-- Batch: more transactions possible -->
</Transactions>
<Status code="200">Success</Status>
</DATAPACKET>
```

### 3.3 Inventory Adjustment (Bidirectional)

Handles stock changes like returns or receipts. Can be pushed from POS or polled from ERP.

xml

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<DATAPACKET command="InventoryAdjustment" version="1.0"
timestamp="2024-03-11T16:00:00Z" sender="POS_System" receiver="ERP_System">
  <SerialNumber>45</SerialNumber>
  <Adjustments>
    <Adjustment id="ADJ001">
      <StoreID>STORE001</StoreID>
      <ProductID>PROD001</ProductID>
      <QuantityChange>-1</QuantityChange>
      <Reason>Customer Return</Reason>
      <Date>2024-03-11</Date>
    </Adjustment>
    <!-- ... -->
  </Adjustments>
  <Status code="200">Success</Status>
</DATAPACKET>
```

### 3.4 Acknowledgment/Response (Bidirectional)

Sent as a reply to confirm processing.

xml

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<DATAPACKET command="Acknowledgment" version="1.0"
timestamp="2024-03-11T16:05:00Z" sender="ERP_System" receiver="POS_System">
  <ReferenceMessageID>TXN12345</ReferenceMessageID>
  <SerialNumber>123</SerialNumber> <!-- Echo back the received serial -->
  <Errors>
    <!-- Empty if success; otherwise list issues -->
  </Errors>
</DATAPACKET>
```

### 3.5 Additional Message Types

- Price Update: Similar to Product Update but focused on pricing changes.
- Store Configuration: ERP to POS for settings like tax rates or promotions.
- End-of-Day Report: POS to ERP summarizing daily sales, cash balances.

### 4. Error Handling

- Status Codes: Use HTTP-like codes (200: Success, 400: Bad Request, 500: Internal Error).
- Error Elements: Include `<Errors>` with `<Error code="..." description="..."/>`.
- Retries: Maxtransit handles automatic retries for transient errors.

### 5. Security

- Authentication: HTTP Bearer Authentication via the `Authorization` header.
- Access Control: Role-based (POS can only read updates, not modify ERP core data).
- Auditing: Log all exchanges with timestamps and IPs.
- POS always operates in offline mode with local caching.

### 6. Testing and Deployment

- Test Scenarios: Simulate polling/pushing with sample XML.
- Deployment Steps:
  1. Install Maxtransit on the POS machine.
  2. Configure intervals and endpoints.
  3. Perform end-to-end tests.